## How to study a music culture

#### Indian Classical Music

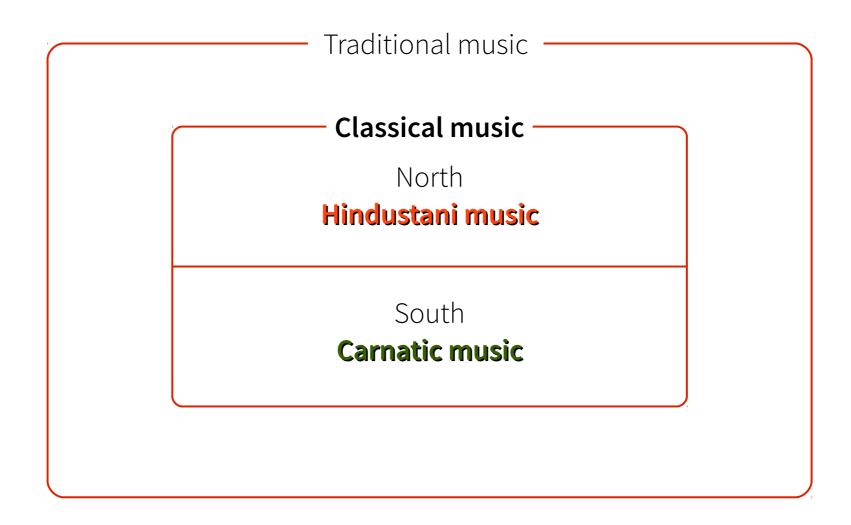
#### Rafael Caro Repetto

rafael.caro@upf.edu Music Technology Group Universitat Pompeu Fabra



# What's this?





#### **Format**

Continuous pitch ground

Main melodic line

Secondary melodic support

Percussion rhythmic accompaniment

#### Hindustani classical music

Kaustuv K. Ganguli





#### **Carnatic classical music**

Vignesh Ishwar

#### **Format**

Continuous pitch ground

Main melodic line

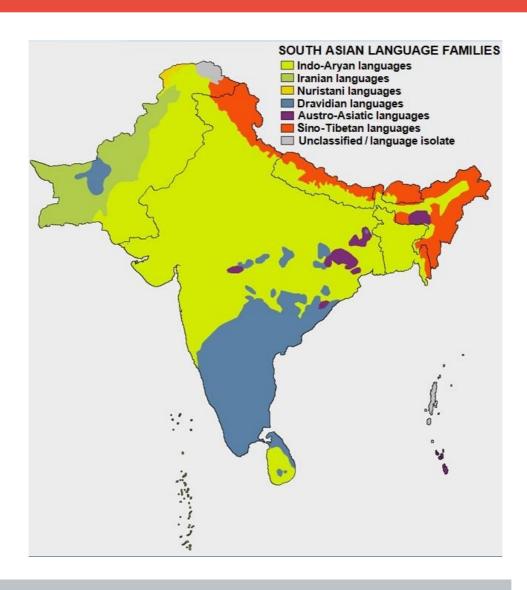
Secondary melodic support

Percussion rhythmic accompaniment

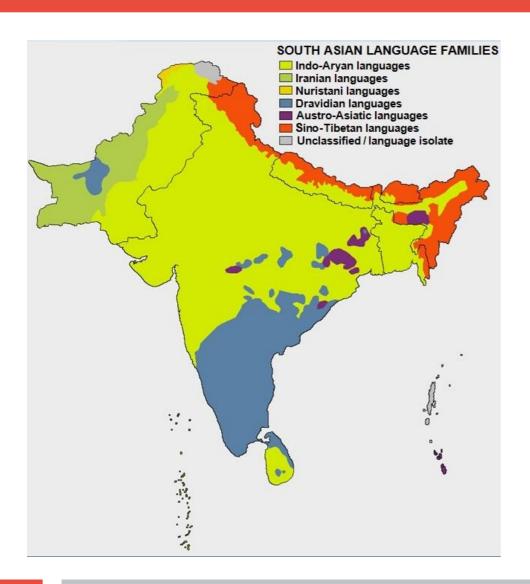
Musical principles rāga tāla

Hindustani music

**Carnatic music** 









#### Hindustani music

Muslim musicians

court

low castes

paramparā

profession ustād-shāgird

#### **Carnatic music**

Hindu musicians

temple

high castes

śāstra

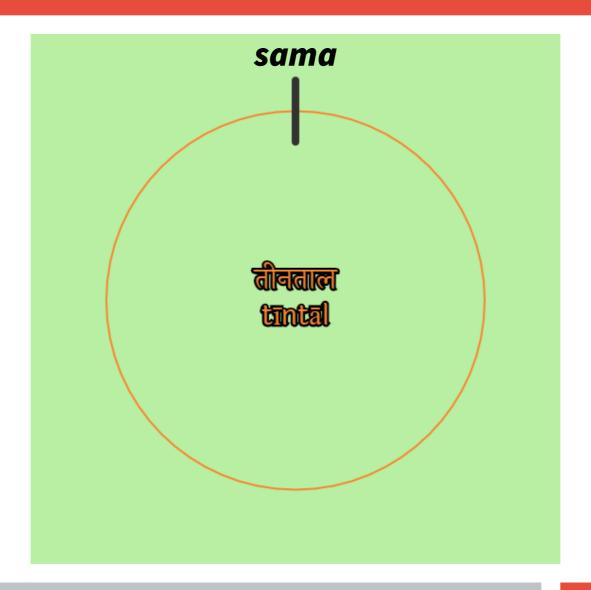
religion quru-śisya

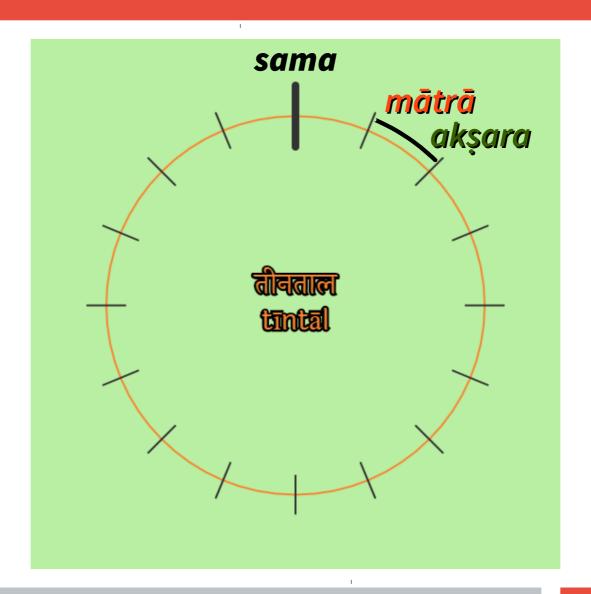
particular realization of common principles

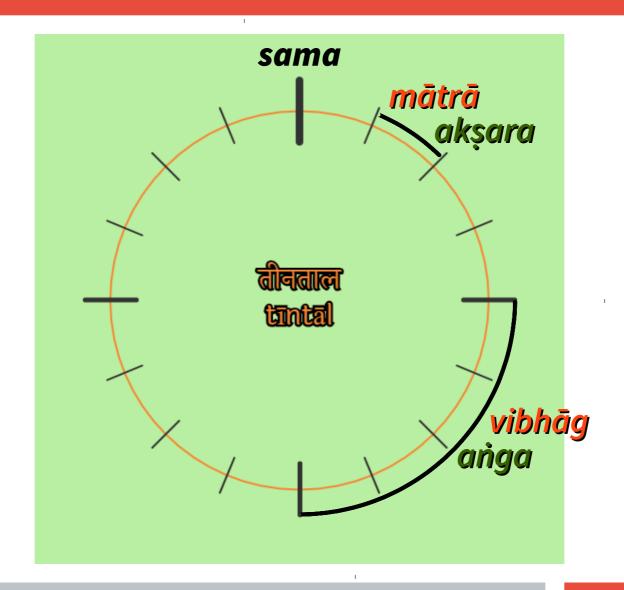
#### **Essential musical concepts**

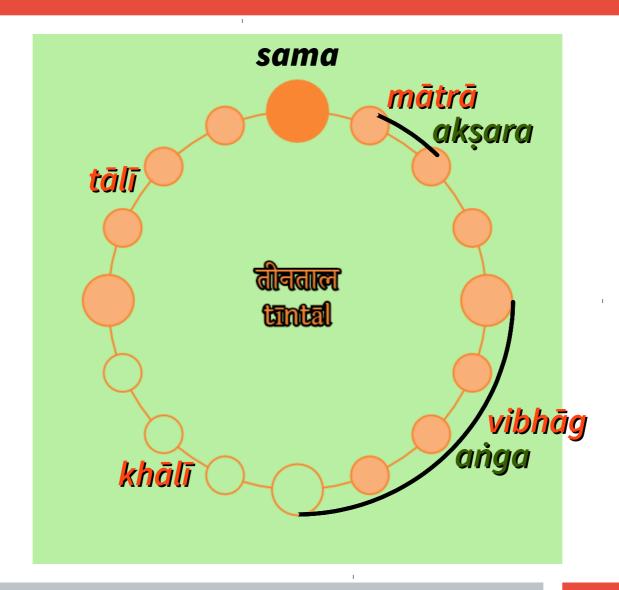
raga tala

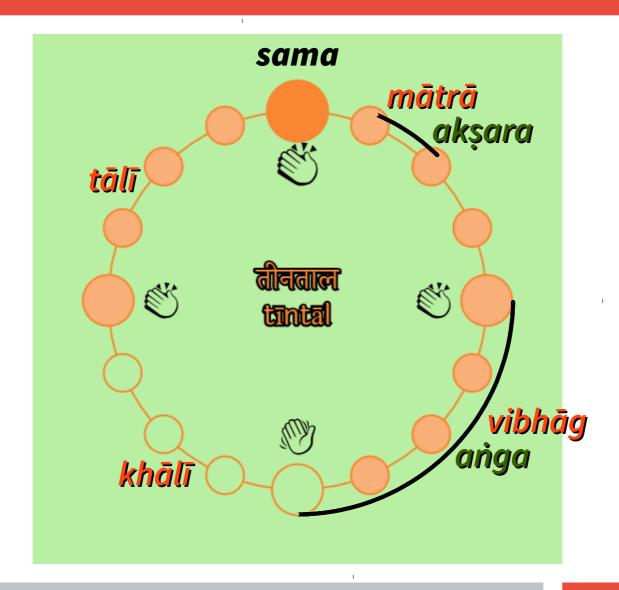
#### **Essential musical concepts**











#### Hindustani classical music



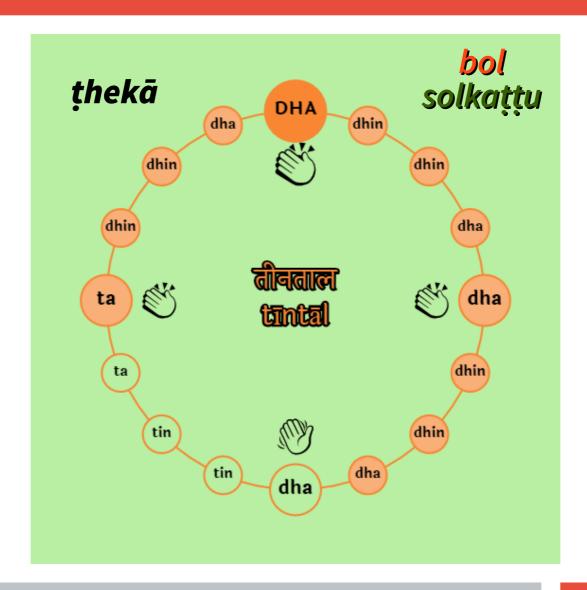


**Carnatic classical music** 

# **Percussion accompaniment**







#### laya

#### vilambit vilamba

(slow)

madhya madhyama

(medium)

drut dhuridha

(fast)

#### **Essential musical concepts**

# raga tala

#### **Essential musical concepts**

# rāga

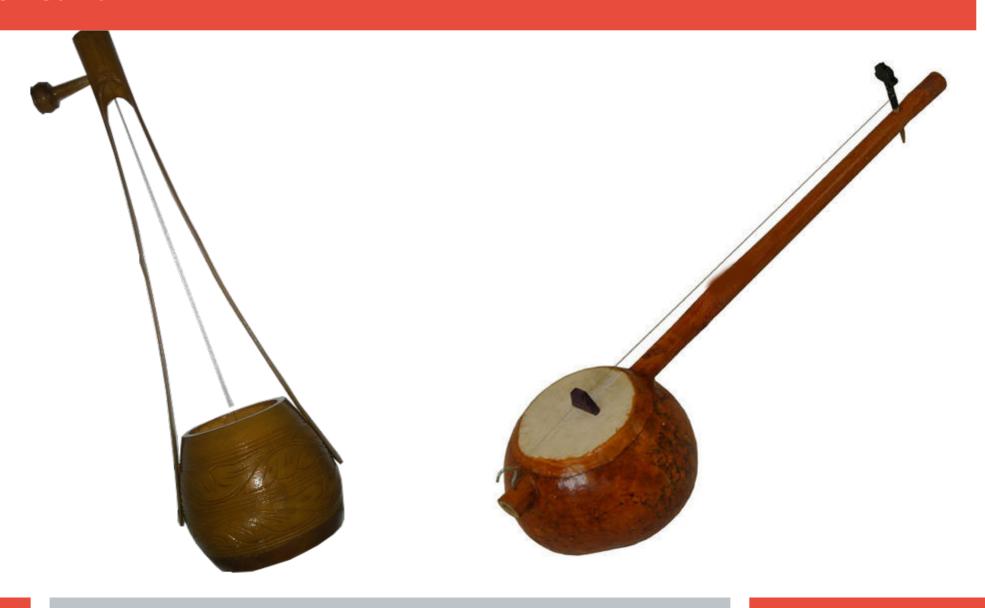
#### rañj

"to be coloured, to be redden"
"to be affected, moved, charmed, delighted"

$\uparrow \uparrow$	Niṣād	Ni	N
	Dhaivat	Dha	D
	Pañcam	Pa	Р
	Madhyam	Ма	M
	Gāndhār	Ga	G
	Ŗṣabh	Re Ri	R
	Ṣaḍja	Sa	S

	Şadja	Sa	S	"that which gives birth to six"
	Rṣabh	Re Ri	R	
	Gāndhār	Ga	G	
	Madhyam	Ма	$ \bigvee $	
	Pañcam	Pa	P	
	Dhaivat	Dha	D	
1	Nisad			

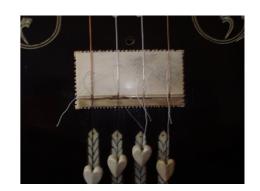
# ektāra



# tānpūrā / tambūra







Hindustani classical music





**Carnatic classical music** 

sa	re	ga ma	ра	dha	ni
S	R	G M	Р	D	Ν

sa	re	re	ga	ga	ma	ma	pa	dha	dha	ni	ni
S	r	R	g	G	M	m	Р	d	D	n	Ν

#### svara

sa	re	re	ga	ga	ma	ma	pa	dha	dha	ni	ni
S	r	R	g	G	m	M	Р	d	D	n	Ν

#### svara

"The ornament in Karṇāṭak music is not considered an add-on to the basic note; *gamaka* is an integral structural part of *svara*"

# rāga

- svara
- function
- āroh / avaroh
- characteristic movements
- samaya

# rāg bhūpālī

svara

sa re re ga ga ma ma pa dha dha ni ni

function

vādī: ga samvādī: dha

āroh / avaroh S R G P D S S D P G R S

characteristic movements

GRG, PG, DP, SDPG, PGRG, GRS

samaya

# rāg bhūpālī

svara

sa re re ga ga ma ma pa dha dha ni ni

function

vādī: ga samvādī: dha

• āroh / avaroh

S R G P D S S D P G R S

characteristic movements

GRG, PG, DP, SDPG, PGRG, GRS, SD, DS, SR, RDS, RG, RGPG, PRG, PS, RPG, RGP, DGP, SRG

• samaya

9pm – midnight

# rāg todī

• svara

sa re re ga ga ma ma pa dha dha ni ni

function

vādī: dha samvādī: ga

āroh / avaroh Srg M P d N S S N d P M g r S

characteristic movements

d, Nsrg, Mrg, rS, Nsd, NdP, gMd, dS, gr, grS, Nd, PMd, rgrS, MdNS

• samaya

9am – noon

# North / South division

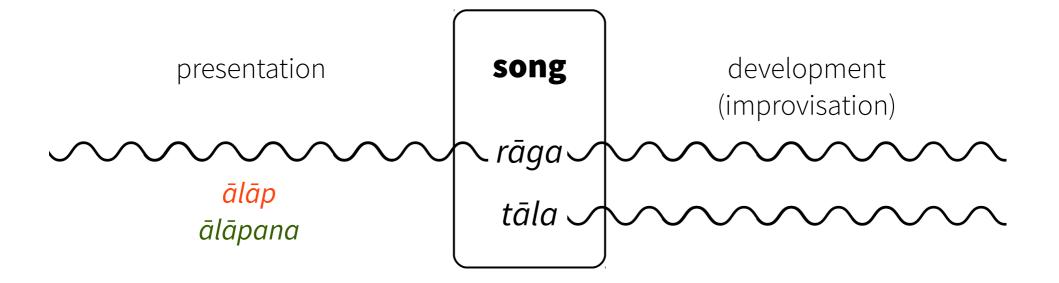
#### Hindustani classical music



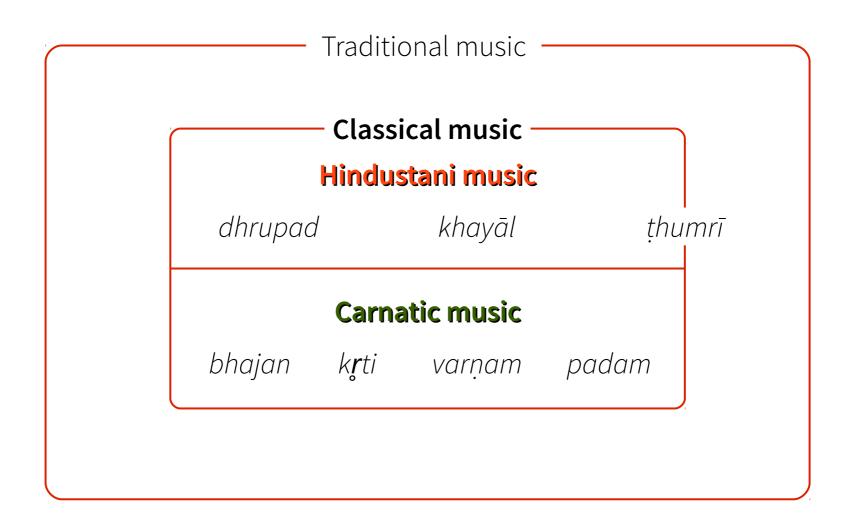


**Carnatic classical music** 

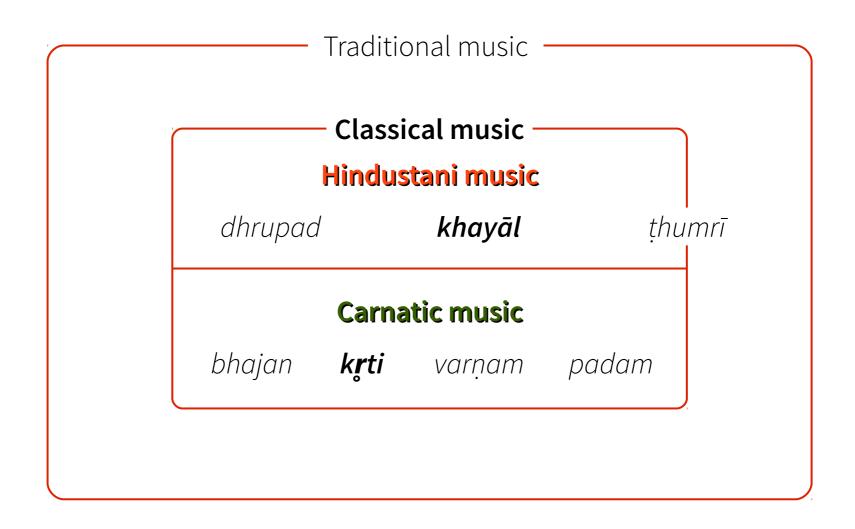
### **Form**



#### **Indian Classical Music**



#### **Indian Classical Music**



# How to study a music culture

- Which new tasks are brought in, and which existing tasks are not applicable?
- Should existing tasks be re-approached, or re-defined?
- How should the results be represented (whom is the research inteded for? in which cultural context are the results presented? accuracy understandability)

### Some examples

Serrà et al., "Assessing the tuning of sung indian classical music," ISMIR, 2011

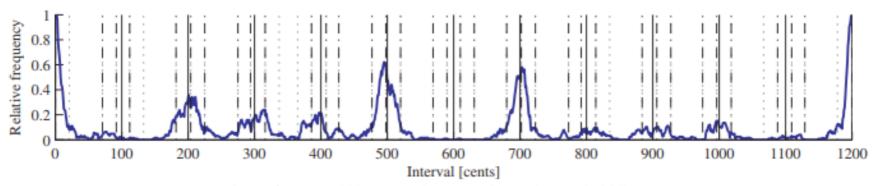


Figure 3. Interval histogram for Carnatic music (h<sub>C</sub>; bold line).

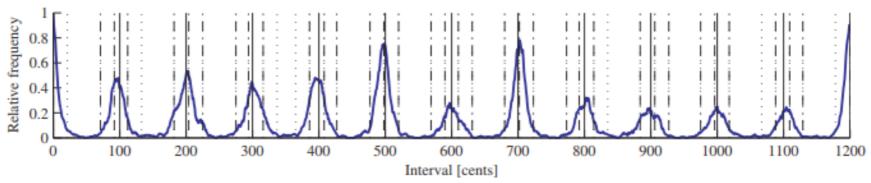
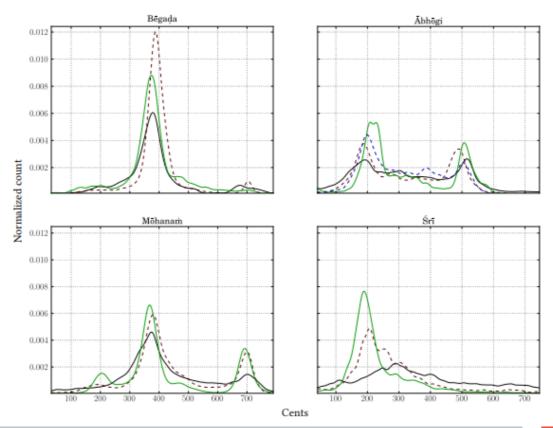


Figure 4. Interval histogram for Hindustani music (hH; bold line).

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- Serrà et al., "Assessing the tuning of sung indian classical music," ISMIR, 2011
- Koduri et al., "Intonation analysis of rāgas in Carnatic music," JNMR, 2014
- Ishwar, Pitch Estimation of the Predominant Vocal Melody from Heterophonic Music Audio Recordings, Master diss, 2014
- Gupta et al., "Discovery of syllabic percussion patterns in tabla solo recordings," *ISMIR*, 2015
- Gulati el al., "Time-delayed melody surfaces for rāga recognition," ISMIR, 2016
- Gulati, Computational Approaches for Melodic Description in Indian Art Music Corpora, PhD diss, 2016
- Ganguli and Rao, "On the Distributional Representation of Ragas: Experiments with Allied Raga Pairs," *TISMIR*, 2018

# Links to the Musical Bridges tools

Tools for aiding understanding of Hindustani classical music:

https://dunya.upf.edu/hindustani-tools/

Prototype tools for aiding understanding of Carnatic tāļa:

• https://rafael-caro.github.io/carnatic-classroom/index.html



# Links to example videos

Demonstration of tablā bols by Prasad Ajarekar:

https://youtu.be/AVDupDQwkSg

Lecture on tānpūrā by Nitin Amin:

https://youtu.be/fBah5h\_u7EY

Lecture on rāga bhairav by Ajoy Chakrabarty:

https://youtu.be/YBPVbFlijFU